

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1, 7, and 8 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of transmitting information with verification of transmission errors, comprising the steps of:

transmitting, through a radio sender, in a determined frame a useful information message associated with a determined number p of transmission error verification bits also transmitted in said determined frame,

obtaining a seal from the useful information message using a determined sealing function through a seal calculation module, the seal forming a determined number p_1 of said p transmission error verification bits where p_1 is a number less than p , and

calculating a cyclic redundancy code from the useful information message formed using the $p-p_1$ remaining transmission error verification bits through a channel coder.

2. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1 wherein the p_1 transmission error verification bits are calculated at the Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol layer, and are then delivered to a channel coder at the physical layer.

3. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the seal is obtained by truncating to p_1 the result of the sealing function which is obtained on a number of bits greater than p_1 .

4. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the sealing function is of Hash Message Authentication Code or Hash-MAC type with key, with a Hash function selected from the group comprising a Message-Digest Algorithm 5 (MD5) function, a Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1) function, a Secure Hash Algorithm 256 (SHA-256) function and sealing functions designed on the basis of a block encryption algorithm.

5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the results of the sealing function is obtained directly on p_1 bits.

6. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 5, wherein the sealing function comprises a combination of a pseudorandom generation function and of a non-linear coding function.

7. (Previously Presented) A device for transmitting information with verification of transmission errors, comprising:

means for transmitting in a determined frame a useful information message associated with a determined number p of transmission error verification bits also transmitted in said determined frame, and

means for obtaining a seal from the useful information message using a determined sealing function, which seal forms a determined number p_1 of said p transmission error verification bits, where p_1 is a number less than p , the $p-p_1$ remaining bits forming a cyclic redundancy code calculated from the useful information message.

8. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 7, comprising means for calculating the p_1 transmission error verification bits at ~~the MAC~~ Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol layer, as well as a channel coder to which said p_1 bits are delivered at the physical layer.

9. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 7, comprising means for obtaining the seal by truncating to p_1 the result of the sealing function which is obtained on a number of bits greater than p_1 .

10. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 9, wherein the sealing function is of Hash-MAC type with key, with a Hash function selected from the group comprising a MD5 function, a SHA-1 function, a SHA-256 function and sealing functions designed on the basis of a block encryption algorithm.

11. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 7, comprising means for obtaining the result of the sealing function directly on p_1 bits.

12. (Previously Presented) The device according to claim 11, wherein the sealing function comprises a combination of a pseudorandom generation function and of a non-linear coding function.

13. (Previously Presented) Radiocommunications equipment comprising a device according to claim 7.